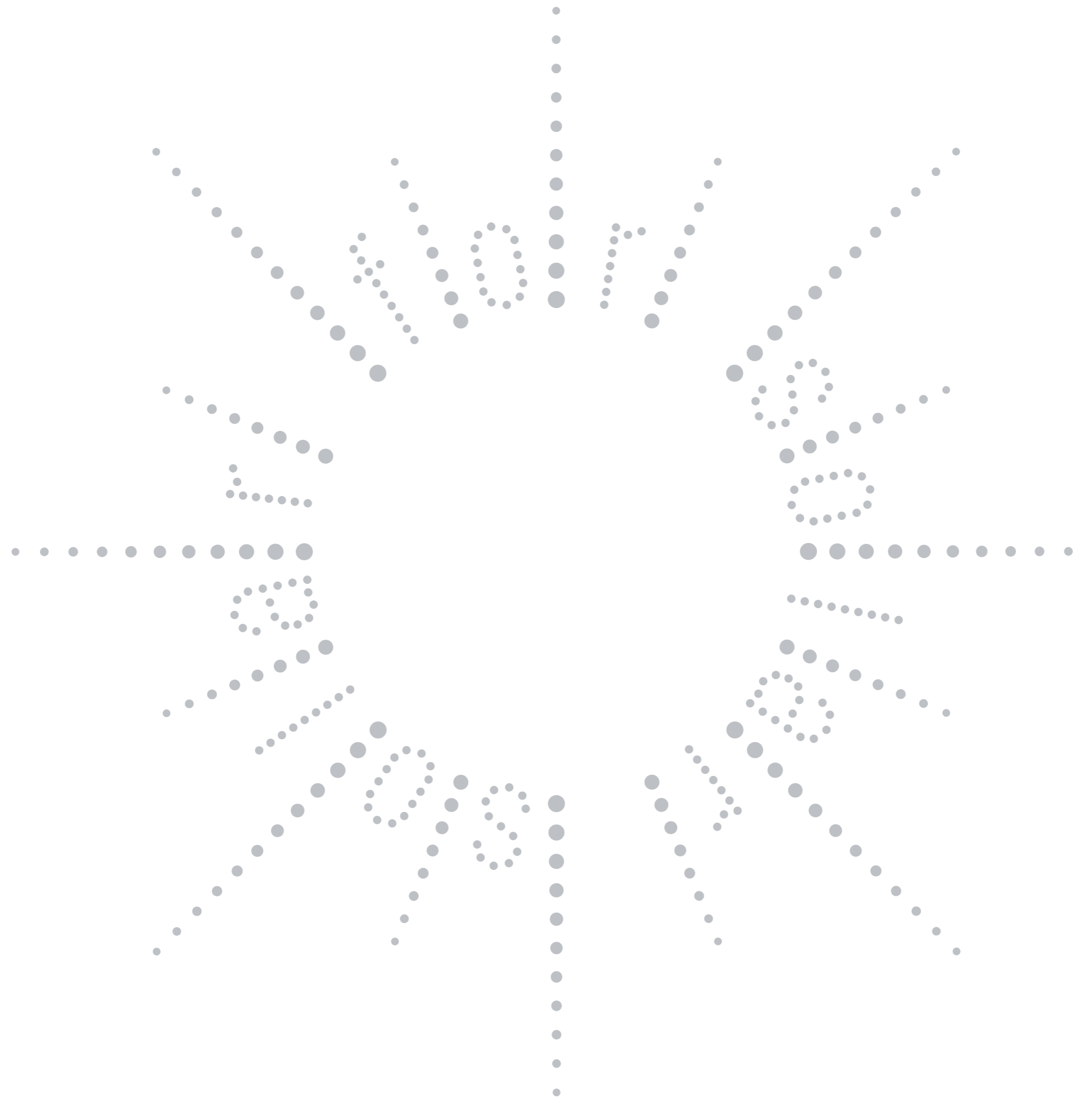


LONGi

2024 Code of Business Conduct





TO MAKE THE BEST OF SOLAR ENERGY
TO BUILD A GREEN WORLD

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01 PREFACE

With the mission "To make the best of solar energy to build a green world" and become the most compelling solar technology company by leading the world's transition to green energy, LONGi upholds its core values of "Reliability, Value-added, Fulfillment" and promotes the sustainable development of the global green energy through the use of science and technology. LONGi's practice of its core values relies on an honest and compliant work and business environment.

To ensure sustainable development of the company, LONGi not only complies with laws and regulations, social responsibility and business ethics, honesty and trustworthiness, and other principles throughout its activities of creating business value. In addition, LONGi is willing to offer value-added opportunities to its stakeholders including customers, partners, employees, and shareholders, by creating a fair and win-win business environment and an inclusive and caring cultural, to achieve a green and harmonious ecological environment. When attaching great importance to the value of people, LONGi will continue to uphold the sustainable value creation ideology to make more positive contributions to the environment and society.

As LONGi people, we represent our Company image in every word we say and every deed we do no matter where we are. For LONGi, fulfilling the ultimate commercial value is surely important, but the processes and methods we adopt to fulfill LONGi core values are equally important. In practicing LONGi core values, we are more accountable to fulfill LONGi's social

responsibilities and missions. In the meantime, whenever necessary, we should follow the code of conduct that reflects LONGi core values, to safeguard the interests and honor of LONGi, its employees and its stakeholders. The Code of Business Conduct (hereinafter referred to as "Code of Business Conduct" or in short "Code") lists the basic principles and responsibilities that LONGi is determined to undertake in terms of compliance, which are applicable to all directors, senior executives and employees of LONGi Green Energy Technology Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as "LONGi", "Company" or "We").

If you have any doubts about how to handle an issue covered by this Code, please seek advice and support from our colleagues in the Compliance Department at any time. We shall perform our own duties and share our roles and responsibilities, and prioritize legal and regulatory compliance at the forefront of our work, which is essential for us to achieve sustainable success. We sincerely hope that you can read through the Code of Business Conduct, internalize its content in your hearts and externalize it in your actions, and become the best LONGi people practicing LONGi core values.

Zhong Baoshen

Chairman of LONGi Green Energy Technology Co., Ltd.

TIPS

Stakeholders: refers to, inter alia, LONGi's customers, employees, shareholders and investors, business partners, government and regulatory authorities, and community and non-government organizations.



Chairman of LONGi Green Energy Technology Co., Ltd.
Zhong Baoshen

“ Complying with ethical practices and international standards is a sure path to winning trust. ”



President and Founder of LONGi Green Energy Technology Co., Ltd.
Li Zhenguo

“ "Customer First" is not just a simple slogan. We believe that, by adopting high standards and strict compliance requirements, LONGi can build a trustworthy relationship with all our customers to meet their expectations. ”

02 BASIC PRINCIPLES

- COMPLY WITH LAWS, REGULATIONS AND BUSINESS ETHICS.
- HONESTY AND INTEGRITY.
- RELIABILITY, VALUE-ADDED, FULFILLMENT.
- BEHAVIORAL SAFEGUARDS.



Comply with Laws, Regulations and Business Ethics.

LONGi has grown into a multinational enterprise that runs business in many countries across the globe. To this end, each of our employee must understand and comply with local laws and regulations applicable to our business activities; comply with applicable international conventions and practices and the corporate regulations and systems formulated for this purpose; conform to business ethics and take the responsibility to make sure that our behavior is consistent with social norms and requirements.

TIPS

Which country's laws and regulations do we abide by?

The laws and regulations of different countries usually vary from one another. That's why we should first learn and comply with the laws and regulations of where we are located and where we operate, and the relevant rules of the local governments.

What does "international practice" refer to?

International practice refers to the unwritten principles and rules gradually formed in international exchanges. For instance, the International Rules for the Interpretation of Trade Terms (Incoterms) formulated by the International Chamber of Commerce is a trading practice that has been clearly defined and settled in long-term repeated practice.

What are the consequences of violating the laws and regulations?

Possible adverse impact on LONGi

- Hefty fines, liquidated damages, even criminal liability ·
- Damage to LONGi's reputation ·
- Stock price volatility and brand depreciation ·
- Loss of new business opportunities ·

Possible impact on individuals

- Disciplinary actions
- Fines and damages
- Criminal liability

Possible impact

What should we do?

- Verify compliance with local laws and regulations before making any decisions. Does it violate universal values or moral principles? Does it align with Company's core values?
- Evaluate whether the proposed actions or decisions will have any adverse effects on LONGi? Will it adversely affect the LONGi brand image?

CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT

Honesty and Integrity.

We are forthright and sincere, respectful to each other, and take our duties seriously. We honor our commitments and do our best to live up to the trust of our customers, shareholders, and other stakeholders.



Behavioral Safeguards.

We have established effective procedures to ensure that any employee can report violations of the Code of Business Conduct without being subject to retaliation or other disciplinary actions (see "IV. Report").

TIPS

What should we do when we discover that others have violated the Code of Business Conduct, or we are unsure whether we have violated the Code of Business Conduct ourselves?

If you find that others have violated the Code of Business Conduct, please do not remain silent. The Company provides a variety of channels to report, and you can choose whichever is convenient for you to file a complaint or report. It is important to know that a timely complaint or report can in many cases help to avoid or reduce the adverse impact on the Company.

If you are unsure whether you have violated the Code of Business Conduct, please contact our colleagues in the Compliance Department who will assist you and keep your information strictly confidential.

Reliability, Value-add, Fulfillment.

We pursue LONGi's core values of "Reliability, Value-add, Fulfillment" in providing customers with reliable products and services, and continuously create value for stakeholders including customers, shareholder, and employees, whom we treat with a humble, respectful, friendly, and cooperative attitude.

Reliability

- Respond promptly to customer needs by providing trustworthy products and services.
- Focus on task completion, simplify inter-personal relationships and be reliable.
- Be honest and objective to gain the trust of other stakeholders and ensure LONGi's operations' stability.

Value-add

- Offer the highest value products and customer service, solving problems and offering satisfaction.
- Set high goals to achieve constant and effective growth.
- Provide reliable and value-added services to other stakeholders, gaining their recognition.

Fulfillment

- Treat customers with respect, humility and a friendly attitude, gaining customer trust, and winning customer satisfaction.
- Be altruistic, respectful, creative, communicate and contribute positively.
- Treat stakeholders with respect, humility and a friendly attitude to ensure a sustainable development.



03 LONGi Responsibilities

- MARKET AND COMPETITION
- EMPLOYEES
- COMPANY
- BUSINESS PARTNERS
- RESPONSIBLE MINERALS PROCUREMENT
- ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSIBILITY
- SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY



Market and Competition

Anti-monopoly and Fair Competition.

LONGi complies with all the laws and regulations that promote fair and open competition among companies in its commercial activities. Under no circumstances will LONGi participate in activities that result in limited competition.

TIPS

Why "Anti-monopoly" ?

The Anti-monopoly Law works to guarantee fair competition and maintain competition order in the markets.

Violating Anti-monopoly Law will bring severe consequences to the Company and the employees, such as hefty fines, damages, stock price volatility, reputational damage and even criminal liability.

*In case of doubt, please refer to LONGi's Anti-monopoly Compliance Management Measures.

What should we do?

- Do not enter into anti-competition/monopoly agreements with competitors. This applies not only to written agreements but also to verbal agreements or coordinated actions. Avoid exchanging information with competitors, including but not limited to dividing sales territories or customers, discussing pricing or price structures, determining supply relationships or their conditions, disclosing production capacities or bidding strategies, revealing market or investment strategies. Strictly refrain from engaging in bid manipulation.
- Do not discuss or negotiate with competitors on matters that may be identified as monopolistic practices, such as price/ price composition, market/ regional segmentation, and concerted trade boycotts. Treat all trading partners fairly, refrain from exploiting market dominance, and avoid practices such as price monopolies, price discrimination, bundled sales, or transaction refusals. Do not restrict or interfere with customers or buyers in setting their sales prices or influencing their resale prices.



Anti-bribery and Anti-fraud.

We abide by anti-bribery/anti-fraud laws and regulations, and company policies. We run our business with honesty. We do not tolerate any form of bribery, whether it be directly or indirectly offering, promising, giving, or authorizing the giving of money or any other valuable item to any individual in public or private sectors to improperly influence the recipient's fair performance of duties or decision-making for facilitating transactions or obtaining, retaining, or conducting other improper benefits in business or commercial activities.

Bribery includes but is not limited to providing cash, securities, travel or entertainment, excessive gifts or hospitality, paying commissions or kickbacks disproportionate to the services provided, making donations to charities related to government officials or clients in violation of regulations, donating to charities at the request of government officials or clients, or providing any other valuable items or services.

Any fraud practice taking advantage of job privileges is not allowed. It is forbidden to seek illegitimate benefits for oneself or for others by means of deceit or cover-up.

LONGi stresses and continuously nurtures the culture of honesty, working together with cooperation partners to create a fair, transparent, clean business environment.

TIPS

How to interpret the term "government officials"?

In accordance with Chinese law, "government officials" are defined as "state personnel." This encompasses individuals engaged in public duties within governmental bodies, state-owned enterprises, organizations, and people's associations. Additionally, it includes those delegated by governmental bodies or state-owned entities to undertake public duties in non-state-owned entities or social organizations. Moreover, it extends to other individuals engaged in public duties as prescribed by law.

Internationally, adherence to regulations within various jurisdictions is imperative. For instance, the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (FCPA) prohibits the bribery of the following entities:

- (1) any foreign official;
- (2) any member of a foreign political party or an official thereof;
- (3) any candidate for foreign political office;
- (4) any individual knowingly involved in the transfer or promise of funds to the aforementioned categories. The term "foreign official" encompasses officers or employees of foreign governments, their departments, agencies, instrumentalities, public international organizations, or individuals acting in an official capacity for these entities.

Both the United Nations Convention against Corruption and the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development's (OECD) Convention on Combating Bribery of Foreign Public Officials in International Business Transactions consider bribery of public officials a significant offense. Many national legislations prioritize the prevention of bribery involving public officials.

What should we do?

- In our day-to-day business processes and interactions with government officials or business partners, we should maintain strict control over the giving and receiving of gifts and hospitality and ensure that any gifts and entertainment offered or accepted are kept within social and etiquette norms. This means only providing or accepting gifts, hosting dinners, or extending event invitations that are suitable for the occasion, not excessive in frequency, and of reasonable value.
- We should be committed to LONGi core values, be honest and dedicated to work, stay true and objective, not engage in any illegal or disruptive practices such as abuse of power, embezzlement, nepotism, horizontal competition, or fraud. For instance, do not forge expenditures or provide fake invoices or vouchers to acquire money from the company. Do not collude with third parties to harm the company's interests through making up deals or exaggerating value of deals. Managers should not establish companies or make use of companies actually controlled by them to effect self-dealings without declaring the conflict of interest. We should file report or complaint once discovering any bribery or fraud.
- Our employees are required to comply with the anti-bribery laws and regulations applicable in the countries where they work
- and where our business operates.

*In case of doubt, please refer to LONGi's integrity-related rules.



Export Control and Sanction Compliance

We deeply understand the significant importance of Export Control and Sanctions Compliance (hereinafter referred to as "Trade Compliance") in safeguarding national security and interests, fulfilling international obligations such as non-proliferation, etc. Therefore, we commit to prioritizing trade compliance obligations over commercial interests, adhering to applicable trade compliance laws, regulations, and relevant policies, and earnestly fulfilling our trade compliance responsibilities and obligations.

The management team at LONGi takes the lead in studying relevant laws, regulations, and policies, while also requiring all employees to comply with the provisions, proactively learn relevant knowledge, and make efforts to achieve trade compliance objectives. Under no circumstances are any violations of relevant laws tolerated.

To achieve our overall goals, LONGi provides ample resources to support the construction of a compliance system, establishes dedicated departments, clarifies compliance regulations and embeds trade compliance reviews into business processes. This ensures the management and supervision of trade compliance across various business operations.

What should we do?

Within the Company

- We should abide by the Company's trade compliance systems and auditing procedures in the business processes.
- We should implement and execute LONGi's trade compliance systems and auditing requirements in business activities.
- We should actively participate in the training of trade compliance-related knowledge and skills organized by the Company.
- We should actively cooperate with and comply with Company's internal review and appraisal.
- Actively coordinate with management departments to conduct regular risk evaluation of trade compliance.

Outside the Company

- Stay highly attentive to changes in laws and regulations, promptly adjust trade compliance policies, requirements, and screening processes accordingly.
 - Conduct comprehensive screenings of parties involved in proposed transactions at the outset, evaluate aspects such as transaction parties, transaction items, end users, intended use, logistics pathways, and financial services to determine the feasibility of proceeding with the transaction.
 - Do a good job in due diligence, pay close attention to any warning signs of abnormal behavior exhibited by clients, and adhere to the procedures for screening end users. Do not blindly proceed with uncertain transactions, promptly reach out to management for professional guidance when necessary.
- We should maintain close contact with government departments, industry associations, and third-party professional institutions to stay informed about the relevant policies and seek professional guidance.

Protect Confidential Information and Personal Information of Stakeholders.

We respect and protect the confidential information and personal information of stakeholders, fulfill our confidentiality obligations, and take appropriate measures to prevent improper use of relevant information. The confidential information and personal information shall not be published, reproduced or used in other ways without the consent of the stakeholders.

TIPS

What is the confidential information and personal information of stakeholders?

In principle, it refers to the business information that stakeholders provide and ask us to keep confidential. Usually, it includes the clearly identified information in the confidential agreements that we sign with stakeholders, and relevant information they provide to us during the negotiation period or expressly requested that we keep such information confidential.

What should we do?

- We should not disclose or share any confidential information with any third party outside the project without the consent of the stakeholders.
- We should strictly follow the confidentiality arrangements agreed with the stakeholders and comply with the confidentiality obligations.
- For the confidential information of the stakeholders, undertake the same duty of due management and duty of care as if confidential information of the Company.





Respect the Intellectual Property Rights of Others.

We place great emphasis on innovation and the protection of intellectual property, while also holding in high regard all legitimately acquired intellectual property rights. Our commitment extends to compliance with all intellectual property laws and regulations within the jurisdictions where we conduct business, as well as adherence to pertinent international conventions.

✓ What should we do?

- We require our company's suppliers to respect third-party intellectual property rights. In procurement contracts, we stipulate that suppliers provide compliance statements or commitments regarding the intellectual property relevant to our transactions, and when necessary, we request suppliers to provide relevant intellectual property ownership certificates and/or licensing documents. Additionally, we establish agreements on the types of intellectual property licenses, the scope of licenses, license durations, and infringement liabilities based on the characteristics of the transaction items and transaction models.
- We exercise discretion in the reception of proprietary information from third parties, ensuring avoidance of any improper utilization of proprietary information or legally acquired intellectual property.
- We strictly uphold commitments and agreements pertaining to intellectual property made by both parties in the usage of computer software under relevant licenses.

Employees

Respect the Human Rights of LONGi Employees and Employees of External Partners.

We respect the human rights of all LONGi employees and employees of external partners, and comply with the labor standards of the countries and local governments where the Company operates. In the process of production activities or provision of services, we resolutely prohibit the employment of child labor and all forms of forced labor and modern slavery. We are determined to provide equal opportunities and treatment for all employees and ensure equal pay for equal work for men and women. We will not interfere with the beliefs of employees and will not discriminate against any employee because of his/her nation/ race/ nationality/ religious belief/ gender/ sexual preference/ age/ disability/ marital and birth status. We also respect the right of assembly, the freedom of association, and the right to join labor unions in accordance with the applicable laws.



EMPLOYEES



EMPLOYEES

Protection of Workforce Health & Safety and Environmental Protection.

We pay attention to employee safety and occupational health, and strictly follow the environment, occupational health, and safety (EHS) policy of "people-centered health and safety, abiding law, prevention first, clean production, green construction, energy conservation and emission reduction". We are committed to providing a safe work environment with an emphasis on combating workplace harassment and we object any form of violence, assault or harassment against others. We provide safety and health training to employees to ensure that employees are properly educated in safety and health, and they act in accordance with all applicable statutory or international standards on labor protection.

EHS

✓ What should we do?

- We are committed to respecting the dignity, privacy, and human rights of our employees in the workplace and to freeing our employees from any forms of discrimination, harassment and abuse.
- We prohibit the use of child labor.
- We do not use or purchase any raw materials for products produced by forced labor, and are committed to ensuring that the products we provide are free of forced labor.
- We do not retain employee identification documents or impose any form of deposit requirement, nor do we request employees to pay recruitment fees to our company's agents or sub-agents.
- Employees are entitled to reasonable freedom of movement within the workplace and access to company-provided worker dormitories or living areas (where applicable), without undue restrictions.
- In the lawful employment of foreign workers, we furnish written employment agreements in a language comprehensible to the employees, outlining the terms and conditions of their employment.
- We consistently ensure the prompt disbursement of wages, allowances, or other remuneration, in full compliance with applicable laws. Overtime is strictly voluntary, and we uphold employees' rights to rest and vacation.
- We are responsible for the health and safety of our employees.
- We provide training and ensure that our employees are educated on health and safety and act in accordance with applicable legal standards and international standards for environmental protection.
- We require our suppliers and their sub-suppliers to comply with local environmental and labor protection laws.



LONGi is a member of the United Nations Global Compact, and the human rights and labor and environment-related principles of the Global Compact are binding on LONGi (for the Ten Principles of the Global Compact, see "III(VI) Social Responsibilities").

Company

LONGi's Brand Positioning: The most trusted, reliable solar company that blazes the trail for green technology.

LONGi brand is what customers, stakeholders and the public perceive and evaluate LONGi's value creation. It is an important part of the Company's assets, which has a positive impact on all of Company's businesses. Meanwhile, the continuous improvement of all businesses also adds value to Company's brand assets.

<p>Brand value ▶</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Provide green energy technology to promote energy transformation and future sustainable development · Customer-centered, help customers succeed with steady gains · Give back to the community and be a responsible green corporate citizen
<p>factor ▶</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Leading technology, continuous technological breakthroughs · A trusted, reliable cooperation partner · Business conducts follow the core values of "Reliability, Value-add, and Fulfillment"

Protection of Company Property.

We are committed to promoting the proper use of LONGi property and restricting personal use of the property so that property could be well used. We prohibit any form of conduct causing harm to the interests of the Company, including but not limited to improper use of tangible or intangible Company assets, use of Company property and funds for personal purposes, etc.

TIPS

What is company property?

It includes the company's tangible and intangible assets.

- **Tangible assets:** plant facilities, office equipment, office supplies, loaned funds, etc.
- **Intangible assets:** company-related information, confidential information and trade secrets, intellectual property rights, etc.

What should we do?

- **When using the company's tangible assets,** we should be environmentally friendly and economical, not wasting resources, use with care, and only use them for business purposes.
- **When using the company's intangible assets,** we should protect company's confidential information, especially confidential information, trade secrets and intellectual property right related information under protection, from being known or accessed by unauthorized third parties; use company computers for business related work only; use encryption software to encrypt or transmit files; do not share or inform third parties of the exclusive business accounts and passwords of the company

Prevent Insider Trading.

We prevent trading in securities while in possession of material nonpublic information, including buying and selling securities of other companies by taking advantage of knowledge gained through working at LONGi. We do not use or share material nonpublic information about LONGi or any other company for the purpose of buying or selling securities.

TIPS

What is insider information?

Insider information refers to the nonpublic information in securities trading activities that relates to the issuer's operations and finances, or that has a significant impact on the market price of the issuer's securities.

In short, it is nonpublic information about the operation or finances of LONGi or other listed companies or that has a significant impact on the price of the shares of LONGi or other listed companies.

What does "insider information" mainly include?

Insider information affecting stock prices:

- Significant changes in the Company's business policies and business scope
- Major investment activities of the Company, where the purchase or sale of significant assets within a year exceeds 30% of the Company's total assets, or when significant assets used for business purposes are mortgaged, pledged, sold, or scrapped in one instance exceeding 30% of said asset.
- The signing of important contracts, offering material guarantees or engaging in related transactions that may have a significant impact on the Company's assets, liabilities, equity, and business performance benefits.
- The occurrence of material debts and defaults failing to settle material debts as they fall due;
- The occurrence of material losses or damages.
- Significant changes in the external conditions of the Company's production and operation.
- Changes in directors, more than one-third of supervisors, or managers of the Company, where the Chairman or Manager is unable to perform their duties.
- Significant changes in shareholding or control by shareholders holding more than 5% of the Company's shares, or by the actual controllers, with significant changes occurring in the business activities of the actual controller and their controlled enterprises engaging in activities similar to those of the Company.
- Plans for dividend distribution or capital increases, significant changes in the Company's equity structure, decisions on reduction of capital, mergers, divisions, dissolution, or applications for bankruptcy, or being ordered to enter bankruptcy procedures or close down according to law.
- Major lawsuits or arbitrations involving the Company, revocation or invalidation of resolutions of shareholders' meetings or board of directors' meetings according to law.
- The Company is suspected of committing a crime and is under investigation according to law, with coercive measures taken against the controlling shareholder, actual controller, directors, supervisors, or senior management personnel.
- Other matters specified by the securities regulatory authority under the State Council.

Insider information affecting bond trading prices:

- Significant changes in the Company's equity structure or production and operating conditions.
- Changes in the Company's bond credit ratings.
- Major asset mortgages, pledges, sales, transfers, or scrapings.
- Incidents where the Company fails to repay debts at maturity.
- New borrowings by the Company or provision of guarantees to third parties exceeding 20% of the Company's net assets at the end of the previous year.
- Waiver of debts or property by the Company exceeding 10% of the Company's net assets at the end of the previous year.
- Occurrence of significant losses exceeding 10% of the Company's net assets at the end of the previous year.
- Distribution of dividends, decisions on reduction of capital, mergers, divisions, dissolution, or applications for bankruptcy, or being ordered to enter bankruptcy procedures or close down according to law.
- Major lawsuits or arbitrations involving the Company.
- The Company is suspected of committing a crime and is under investigation according to law, with coercive measures taken against the controlling shareholder, actual controller, directors, supervisors, or senior management personnel.
- Other matters specified by the securities regulatory authority under the State Council.



Avoid Conflict of Interest

We do not engage in personal or other business transactions that may conflict with LONGi's commercial interests, and comply with LONGi's relevant requirements regarding affiliate relationships.

TIPS

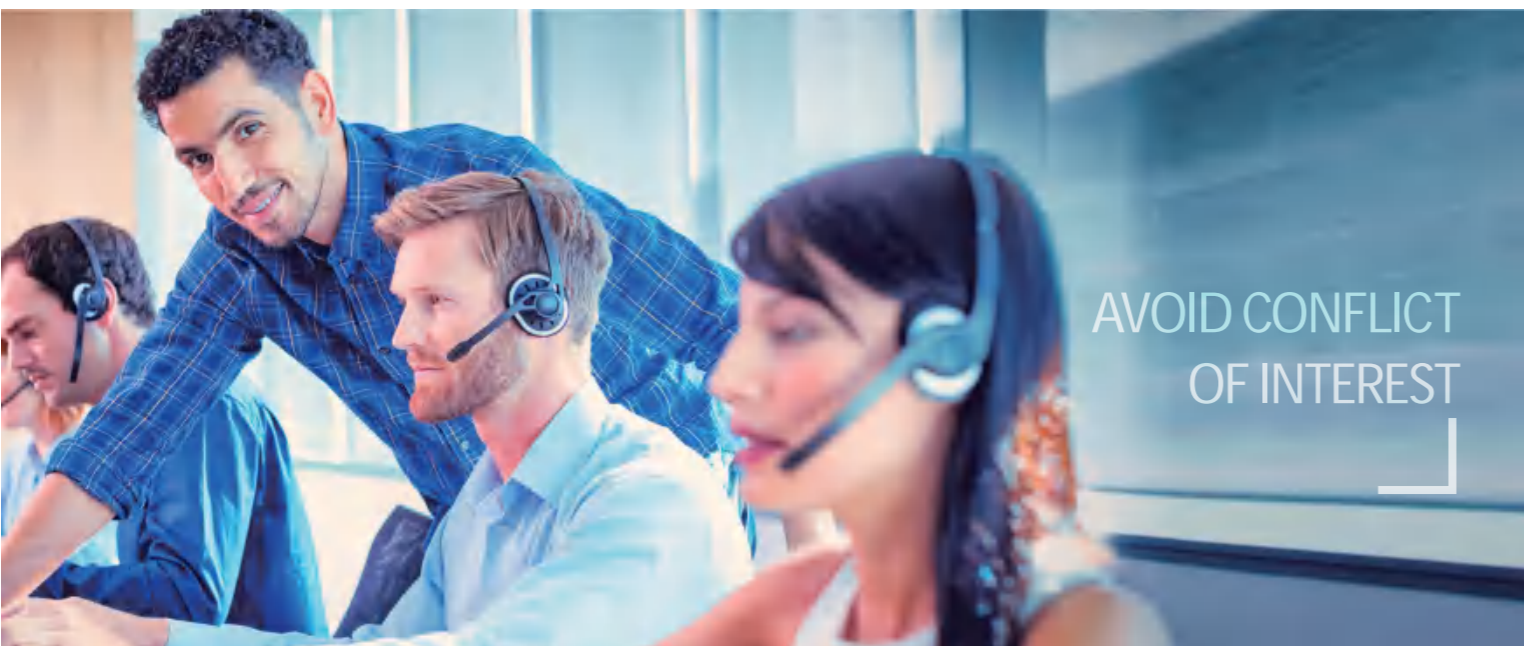
What is a conflict of interest?

Generally speaking, a conflict of interest refers to a situation in which the interests of an employee or their affiliates conflict or may conflict with or diverge from the interests of the Company. Examples:

- The employee starts a new business, invests in, or works for a company that competes with LONGi during his/her employment, or the employee had any of the aforementioned behaviors before joining LONGi and did not disclose or report to LONGi when he/she was employed.
- The company or other economic entity to which the employee's spouse, relatives, or closely related persons belong has business dealings with LONGi.
- The employee's spouse, relatives, or closely related persons are in the same company as the employee, or even in the same department or in a leader-member relation with the employee.
- The employee conceals the fact that the non-compete agreement between the employee and his/her former employer (a competitor of LONGi) has not been fulfilled before joining LONGi.

What should we do?

- Timely and truthfully declare conflict of interest to LONGi.
- Actively cooperate with LONGi and adjust or recuse yourself from matters that may give rise to conflicts of interest as soon as possible.



Accounting and Taxation Compliance.

As a public company, we are committed to provide accurate and truthful financial reports to the public, avoid false or misleading bookkeeping, and ensure financial records are maintained in a compliant manner.

Compliant tax-paying according to the law is an important part of LONGi's fulfillment of social responsibilities and global corporate citizenship, and it is also a corporate obligation, which is of decisive significance to the long-term and sustainable development of LONGi in the countries and regions where we operate. LONGi will not use any "false" means to avoid paying taxes in tax-haven countries/areas.

What should we do?

- Comply with the accounting standards of the country/regions where we conduct business.
- Provide accurate and truthful information for financial reporting.
- Understand and comply with the tax laws of the country/region where businesses are conducted.
- Disclose truthful data to local tax authorities as required by them.



Prohibition of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing

We need to be constantly aware of the risk of being used for money laundering or terrorist financing in the course of conducting business. We only maintain business relationships with companies that conduct legal operations and have legitimate financial resources.

TIPS

- Money laundering is the act of legalizing illegal proceeds. Specifically, it refers to the act and process of disguising, concealing, or transforming the gains from crimes or other illegal activities and their proceeds by various means to make them legal in form.
- In addition to money, the provision of related materials, such as goods or commodities, may also be considered as terrorist financing.

What should we do?

- Pay particular attention on the use of large cash payments in the course of business.
- Choose a safe and reliable financial institution and cooperate with them to conduct identity recognition on the company or customer in business.
- Cooperate with supervision and management by government agencies for import and export transaction funds.



Protection of Company's Confidential Information and Intellectual Property

We are fully aware that the confidential information and intellectual property rights of the Company are the cornerstone and foundation of our sustainable development and the source of value creation. We attach great importance to research, development, and innovation, as well as deployment and protection of intellectual properties to relevant innovations. We protect the confidential information of Company from misuse, misappropriation, destruction, and loss.

What should we do?

- We shall properly manage the Company's confidential information and do not disclose it or use it for purposes other than for Company's business, whether in the current employment relationship or after leaving the Company.
- When disclosing confidential information to external persons for business needs, a confidentiality agreement should be signed in advance to prevent leakage.
- We shall comply with all the Company's management policies and rules for intellectual property, and actively protect and compliantly use the Company's intellectual property assets.
- Actively engage in communication and collaboration with the Company's intellectual property department to promptly and effectively implement suitable measures for protecting intellectual property rights concerning research and development innovations.
- We establish and maintain robust confidentiality protocols, implementing corresponding measures to safeguard sensitive information.
- When we do business with a counterparty, we should identify both parties' intellectual property rights and obligations and their respective confidentiality responsibility.
- Attention should be paid to the correct use of intellectual property marks such as registered trademarks or patent numbers in our business activities, and we should provide necessary reminders to consumers and relevant market entities.
- We establish and improve a mechanism for monitoring the sales market and monitoring the market situation of similar products through multiple channels. When infringement to the Company's intellectual property rights is found, critical information should be collected and notarized when necessary.



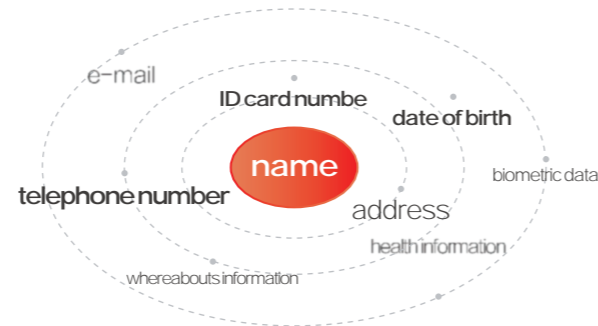
Privacy and Data Protection

The Company attaches great importance to the substantial protection of privacy and personal data. Guided by the integrated requirements of rights and obligations, we properly manage personal data obtained inside and outside the company and treats personal data with legitimacy, propriety, necessity, and integrity as the basic principles.

TIPS

What is personal data?

Personal data refers to all kinds of information related to identified or identifiable natural persons recorded by electronic or other means, excluding information after anonymization. For example, name, date of birth, ID card number, biometric data, address, telephone number, e-mail address, health information, whereabouts information, etc.



We must comply with applicable laws and regulations when we handle (collect, transmit, use, share/transfer, delete) relevant data in all our business processes and ensure data security through appropriate technical means and organizational and management measures.

What should we do?

What should we do regarding the Company data (including personal data and business data)?

- Transmission of data in important data catalogs to overseas recipients is strictly prohibited, unless such transmission is approved by the compliance team.

What should we do regarding personal data?

- Legally gather personal data and prohibit its collection, usage, or retention beyond business necessities.
- Forbid unauthorized access, copying, deletion, transfer, sharing, transfer, or public disclosure of personal data.
- Conduct a thorough Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA) prior to any personal data processing activities that may significantly impact human rights and freedoms.
- Prohibit any interference with or constraint on data subject rights requests and responses.
- Report any personal data breaches promptly to the compliance team and initiate emergency response procedures as necessary. Notify regulatory authorities and data subjects as required; negligence or delayed reporting is strictly prohibited.

Business Partners

We maintain business relationships only with reputable and responsible partners. We value and actively encourage their improvement of employee health and work place safety as well as their contributions to society. We strictly select our partners by establishing detailed standards of conduct and a partner management system.

TIPS

What constitute a business partner?

A business partner encompasses all third parties with whom the Company has established or intends to establish business relations, excluding both end customers and company employees. This includes, but is not limited to, suppliers, subcontractors, consultants, agents, distributors, dealers, channel partners, resellers, consortia, intermediaries, academic and research institutions, among others.

What should we do?

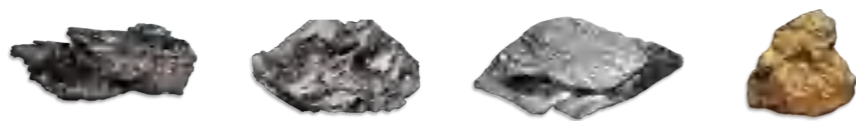
- We strictly screen and select high-quality partners by establishing and improving a partner on-boarding system.
- We require our partners like suppliers, subcontractors, agencies to sign and comply with the CSR Code of Conduct of LONGi Suppliers.
- We conduct appropriate compliance and due diligence related to partner export controls, anti-money laundering, labor protection, environment, social responsibility, supply chain traceability, conflict minerals etc.
- We work closely with our partners, committed to achieving mutual sustainable development.



Responsible Minerals Procurement

We fully recognize that procurement or use of raw materials derived from conflict-affected and high-risk areas (CAHRAs), such as tantalum, tin, tungsten, and gold (collectively referred to as "conflict minerals"), may carry risks of funding or exacerbating armed conflict, widespread violence, or other harm to civilians. We also acknowledge the obligation of enterprises to respect human rights, refrain from fueling conflicts, and avoid negative impacts on the environment and society.

Therefore, in accordance with the Responsible Mineral Supply Chain Management Guidelines issued by the China Chamber of Commerce of Metals, Minerals & Chemicals Importers & Exporters (CCCIMC), and with reference to the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas (Third Edition) (hereinafter referred to as the China Guidelines and OECD Guidelines), we have developed our "Responsible Mineral Procurement Code." We will not tolerate, profit from, aid, or assist in any way activities that could exacerbate conflicts, lead to serious environmental degradation, or violate human rights. We pledge not to procure or use raw materials derived from conflict minerals. We will strictly require suppliers to comply with relevant laws and regulations concerning conflict minerals, and will conduct due diligence to ascertain the source of conflict minerals from suppliers of materials



What should we do?

- Strictly enforce the Company's internal conflict minerals management system.
- Require suppliers to sign LONGi Supplier CSR Code of Conduct, committing to providing raw materials free of conflict minerals.
- Require suppliers to pledge to uphold employee human rights in accordance with internationally recognized standards, fully safeguarding workers' working environments and health and safety rights.
- Conduct due diligence on raw material suppliers, reviewing the suppliers' Conflict Minerals Reporting Template (CMRT) reports. If the use of conflict minerals is identified, promptly organize assessment decisions, supervise suppliers to conduct further verification, and take effective measures or terminate cooperation with suppliers as necessary.

Environmental Responsibility

We obey all the environmental laws, regulations and international treaties and take full consideration of their impacts on nature and ecological environment when organizing corporate activities.

As the first Chinese enterprise to join the RE100, EV100 and EP100, and the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) at the same time, LONGi innovatively reduce the world's energy transition costs through green energy technologies, while highly valuing its reduction and control of environmental impact brought by its production and operation and actively practicing the concept of "Solar for Solar", contributing to the globe's drive to net zero. We also take comprehensive measures to manage the environmental impact of our production and operations sites, contributing to sustainable economies and preventing negative impacts on the biodiversity, water, air, land, employment, and livelihoods of nearby communities.

RE100

EV100

EP100

SBTi

What should we do?

- We recognize that air, water, soil, energy, and nature are shared natural resources, and we pledge to utilize them responsibly. Collaborating with local communities, we strive to enhance our natural resource management and attain socially recognized environmental performance.
- We systematically identify, assess, and proactively manage environmental risks, devising and implementing plans and control measures to prevent and mitigate our environmental impacts. Our commitment transcends mere legal compliance as we aspire to adhere to international best practices.
- Transparency regarding our environmental risks and impacts is paramount, and we diligently report externally. This includes disclosing our greenhouse gas emissions and energy management initiatives. Furthermore, we encourage stakeholders throughout our value chain to report their emissions.
- We are steadfast in our efforts to reduce the carbon intensity of our operations, ultimately striving for decarbonization.
- We engage in international efforts to address climate change and align with ambitious global emissions reduction goals.

Social Responsibility

To fulfill our mission "making the best of solar energy to build a green world", we strive to be a promoter of social undertakings and an active participant in public welfare, and contribute to the sustainable development of our communities and the entire society. Our aim is to foster trusting and compassionate partnerships with the communities where our production facilities operate. Our objective is to honor and nurture these connections while positively influencing our communities. We acknowledge that as we invest in the communities where we operate, stakeholders within these communities invest in us through their land and infrastructure. This reciprocal contribution supports the realization of community goals and aspirations, leading to enduring mutual benefits.

What should we do?

- Regardless of our operational locale, we collaborate closely with communities to comprehend the societal, cultural, environmental, and human rights impacts of our activities. We take proactive measures to avoid, mitigate, and manage adverse effects while actively contributing to the host country communities and society.
- We engage in robust community outreach efforts, establishing transparent lines of communication to integrate local perspectives into our management decisions.
- We uphold and fulfill commitments made to communities, supporting and promoting sustainable community development through philanthropic endeavors and other means.
- We staunchly advocate for the promotion and safeguarding of the fundamental human rights and freedoms of indigenous community members, adhering strictly to the principles outlined in the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples.
- We collaborate closely with governments to generate economic benefits for community development, prioritizing local employment, local suppliers, and local and regional economic growth.
- We collaborate closely with communities and other stakeholders to implement locally-driven projects that align with community priorities and contribute to broader societal welfare.

LONGi is a member of the United Nations Global Compact whose ten principles are binding on LONGi. We are committed to promoting these principles within our sphere of influence.

TIPS

The Ten Principles of the UN Global Compact

- Principle 1: Businesses should support and respect the protection of internationally proclaimed human rights; and
- Principle 2: make sure that they are not complicit in human rights abuses.
- Principle 3: Businesses should uphold the freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining;
- Principle 4: the elimination of all forms of forced and compulsory labor;
- Principle 5: the effective abolition of child labor; and
- Principle 6: the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation.
- Principle 7: Businesses should support a precautionary approach to environmental challenges;
- Principle 8: undertake initiatives to promote greater environmental responsibility; and
- Principle 9: encourage the development and diffusion of environmentally friendly technologies.
- Principle 10: Businesses should work against corruption in all its forms, including extortion and bribery.

04 CONTACT US

If you find any behavior suspected of violating the LONGi Code of Business Conduct or if the relevant behavior may create or has created an adverse impact on LONGi, you should contact us in the following ways in a timely manner. We promise to keep your personal information strictly confidential and we will properly handle it to ensure that you are not subject to retaliation consequently. The Compliance Team of Risk Control Department provides compliance consultation, and we will have professional compliance lawyers to answer your questions.

E-mail of the Compliance Team of Risk Control Department for consulting: compliance@longi.com

E-mail of the Discipline Surveillance Department of Audit and Supervision Center for reporting: audit@longi.com

Reporting hotline: **0086-029-84193391**

This Code is written in both Chinese and English. In case of inconsistency between Chinese and English versions, the Chinese version shall prevail.

If you have any questions or comments about this Code, please contact LONGi at compliance@longi.com.